LOCAL TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

NAVIGATING TOUGH TALKS: DIFFICULT CONVERSATIONS IN MUNICIPAL WORKPLACES



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PRESENTERS

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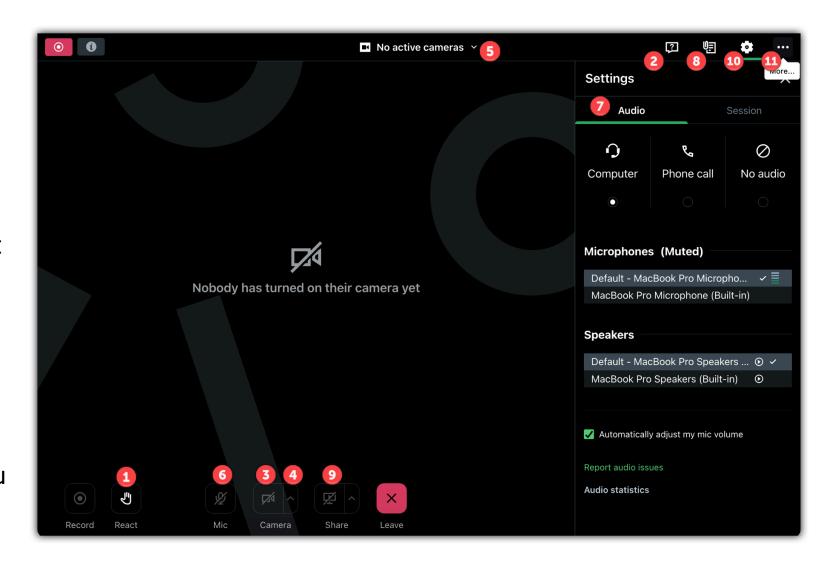
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VIRTUAL IN-SESSION ATTENDEE GUIDE

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HANDOUTS ONLINE

- https://gis.penndot.pa.gov/ltap/
 Training Descriptions
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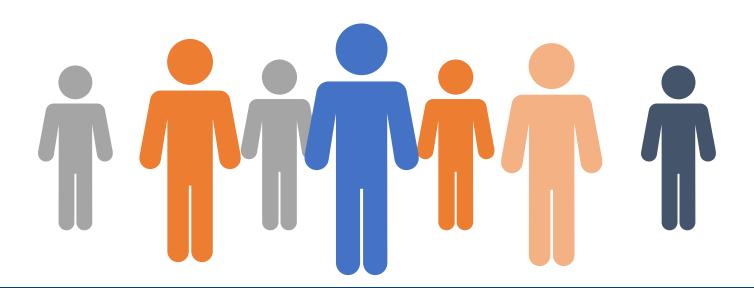
INTRODUCTION



Effective communication is key in public-facing roles.



Difficult conversations are inevitable with colleagues, leadership, or the community.

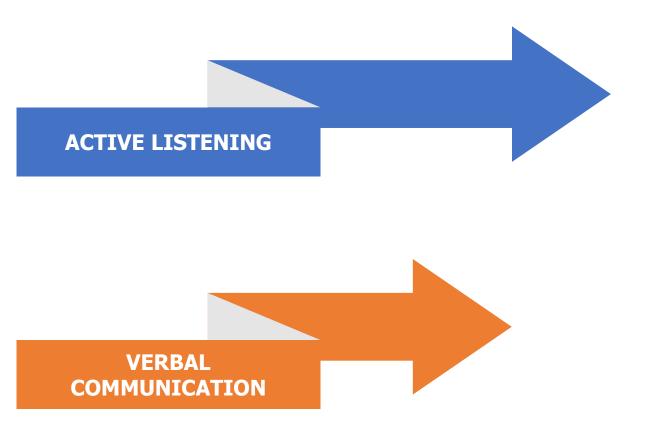


POLL QUESTION

How comfortable are you with handling difficult conversations?

- a) Very comfortable
- b) Somewhat comfortable
- c) Somewhat uncomfortable
- d) Very uncomfortable

FUNDAMENTALS OF EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION



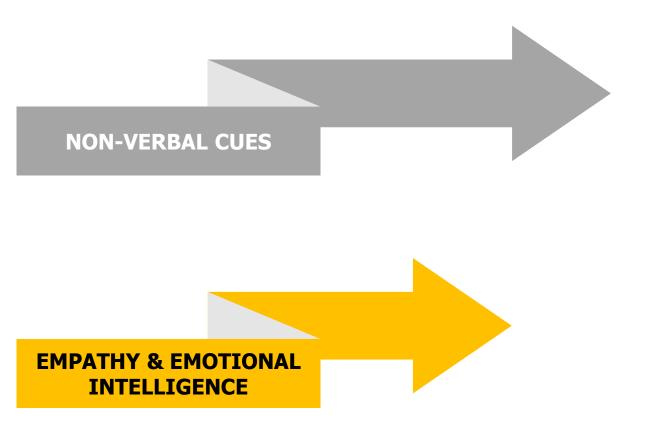
ACTIVE LISTENING

- Give full attention to the speaker without interrupting.
- Paraphrase and summarize to confirm understanding.
- Use verbal affirmations like "I understand" or "That makes sense."

VERBAL COMMUNICATION

- Be clear and concise in your messaging.
- Use a calm and measured tone, even in tense situations.
- Avoid jargon or overly complex language; keep it accessible.

FUNDAMENTALS OF EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION





- Maintain open body language (uncrossed arms, nodding).
- Make appropriate eye contact to convey engagement.
- Be aware of facial expressions and how they may be perceived.

EMPATHY & EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE

- Acknowledge the emotions of others and validate their concerns.
- Manage your own emotions to prevent escalation.
- Adapt your communication style based on the emotional state of the other person.

POLL QUESTION

What is the most challenging aspect of difficult conversations for you?

- a) Managing emotions
- b) Choosing the right words
- c) Handling resistance
- d) Staying professional under pressure
- e) Finding a solution

Conflict/disagreement with colleagues

Example:

A team member consistently misses deadlines, affecting your work. You need to address the issue without damaging the working relationship.

Concerns with leaders at your organization

Example:

You feel overburdened with responsibilities but are unsure how to express concerns to your manager without appearing unwilling to take on work.

Managing difficult community interactions (part 1)

Example:

A frustrated member of the community is complaining on-site while you are working on a project.

Managing difficult community interactions (part 2)

Example:

A frustrated member of the community is raising their voice during the public comment portion of a community meeting. They are demanding action.

Emotional triggers and personal biases

Example:

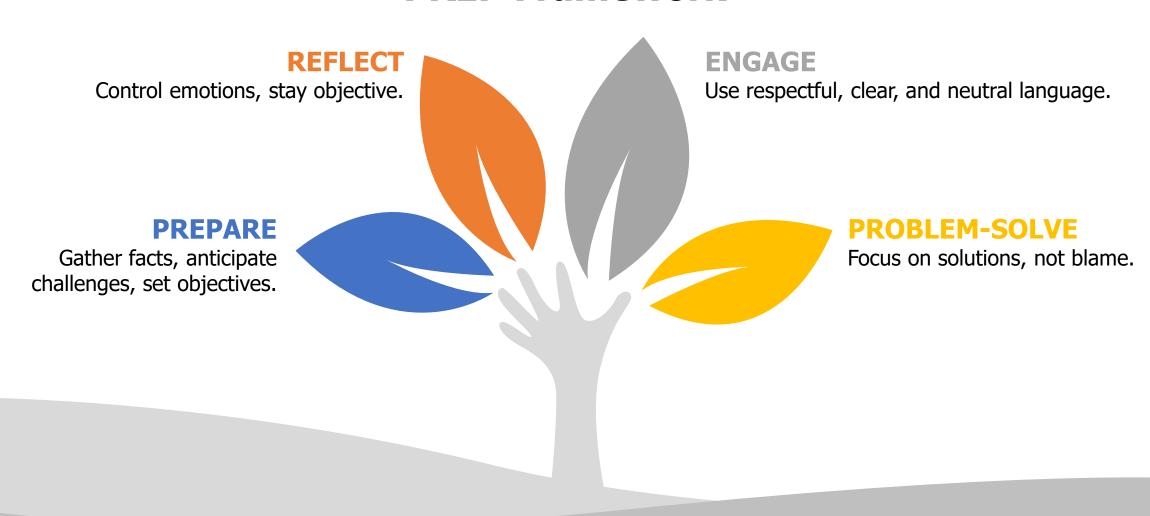
A member of the public approaches you while you are working on a project and makes a politically-charged comment about the project. They are expecting you to agree with them and get upset when you don't engage.

POLL QUESTION

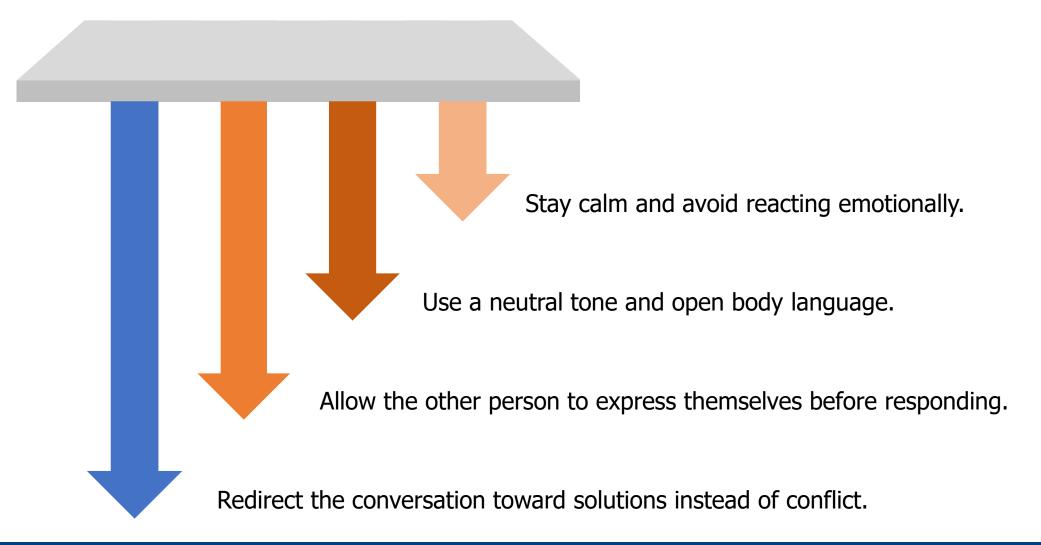
What type of difficult conversations do you encounter most often?

- a) Conflicts with colleagues
- b) Concerns with leadership
- c) Difficult conversations with the community
- d) Emotional triggers/personal bias

PREP Framework



De-escalation Techniques



Handling Resistance and Pushback



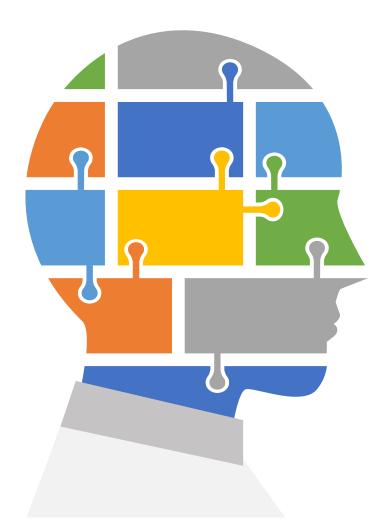
Stay patient and acknowledge concerns.

Use bridging statements such as "I see your point, and..." rather than "but."

Offer alternatives and seek common ground.

Keep the conversation professional and fact-based.

Framing Conversations for Positive Outcomes



Focus on shared goals and mutual interests.

Reframe the issue as an opportunity for collaboration and improvement.

Use "I" statements to express concerns without sounding accusatory.

Summarize key points and agree on next steps.

Conflict/disagreement with colleagues

Example:

A team member consistently misses deadlines, affecting your work. You need to address the issue without damaging the working relationship.

What would you do? Use active listening and problem solving. Focus on shared goals and mutual interests.

Concerns with leaders at your organization

Example:

You feel overburdened with responsibilities but are unsure how to express concerns to your manager without appearing unwilling to take on work.

What would you do? Use I statements and focus on solutions. Summarize key points and agree on next steps.

Managing difficult community interactions (part 1)

Example:

A frustrated member of the community is complaining on-site while you are working on a project.

What would you do? Allow the other person to express themselves before responding. Use empathy, patience, and clear communication to navigate the interaction.

Managing difficult community interactions (part 2)

Example:

A frustrated member of the community is raising their voice during the public comment portion of a community meeting. They are demanding action.

What would you do? Stay calm and avoid reacting emotionally. Keep the conversation professional and fact-based.

Emotional triggers and personal biases

Example:

A member of the public approaches you while you are working on a project and makes a politically-charged comment about the project. They are expecting you to agree with them and get upset when you don't engage.

What would you do? Stay calm and avoid reacting emotionally. Redirect the conversation toward solutions instead of conflict.

KEY TAKEAWAYS



RESOURCES

- Crucial Conversations: Tools for Talking When Stakes Are High Kerry Patterson, Joseph Grenny, Ron McMillan, Al Switzler
- Difficult Conversations: How to Discuss What Matters Most Douglas Stone, Bruce Patton, Sheila Heen
- Nonviolent Communication: A Language of Life Marshall B. Rosenberg
- https://www.mindtools.com/ayi4n53/working-in-a-public-facing-role

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